

WELTON
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
AND
PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
FOR THE YEAR

1966



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LINCOLN

WELTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Chairman: MR. E. T. STEPHENSON, J.P., The Hall, Spridlington

Vice-Chairman: MR. W. JOHNSON, Lowthorpe, Southrey

Clerk and Chief Financial Officer: MR. L. H. KING

Finance and Rating Officer: MR. W. HEATON, A.R.V.A.

Engineer and Surveyor: MR. R. SMITH, M.I.MUN.E., M.I.P.H.E.

Public Health Department Officers:

Medical Officer of Health: DR. S. A. O'HAGAN, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector: MR. J. P. SMITH, M.A.P.H.I., A.M.I.S.P., M.I.P.H.E. to 30/11/66

Chief Public Health Inspector: MR. D. DRAKES, M.A.P.H.I. from 19/1/67

Additional Public Health Inspector: MR. B. JONES, M.A.P.H.I.

Offices:

COUNCIL OFFICES, 10 PARK STREET, LINCOLN. Tel: 29605

MEDICAL OFFICER, 6 CONGING STREET, HORNCastle. Tel: 2208

Treasurer: NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LTD., LINCOLN

Legal Advisers: MESSRS. DANBY, EPTONS AND GRIFFITH, LINCOLN

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman: COUNCILLOR A. R. HAYES

Vice-Chairman: COUNCILLOR F. CLARK

Councillors:

B. W. ANDERSON

A. ANDREWS

J. H. BEAL

D. H. BOYNTON

G. L. COLES

LADY CRACROFT-AMCOTTS

MRS. D. CURTIS

S. W. FIELDSSEND

G. H. FORD

REV. H. G. HERRINGTON

MRS I C. KNOTT

W. C. LUSBY

W. H. MAWER

E. SPENCER

E. T. STEPHENSON

G. TRICKETT

MRS. J. E. TURNBULL

REV. A. J. M. VIRGIN

MR. W. JOHNSON

MR. A. JONES

To THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF WELTON

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour, as your Medical Officer of Health, to present my Annual Report for 1966.

Population changes are of vital interest to every public body and to none more than the Local Authorities. For many decades a high birth rate and low death rate have been indices of a healthy prosperous community. Of course, all the time these conditions were the exception in the world rather than the rule even in a part of it, the premise was true. Science has so decreased the premature deaths in the civilized world, especially in infancy, that serious overcrowding and shortage of work, and the necessities of life are but round the corner. Periodic wars have, in the past, somewhat reduced the rate of population growth but amid the clouds in the Middle East as I write, it is hoped that this law of nature like so many others may eventually be modified by intelligent rather than emotional action.

In the local field, the wastage of potential represented as "perinatal" deaths—the total of still births and neo-natal deaths—is extremely low, but death takes an ever increasing toll in middle age, when responsibility lies heavy on the head of the family and his loss is most acutely felt. In this group death strikes very largely through one disease—coronary thrombosis which, between the ages of 35 and 65, killed more than all other diseases up to 35 years, during the war. The incidence of this disease shows a constantly rising curve whilst some of the other killers have declined.

Much is known statistically about the people particularly at risk from coronary artery disease. They are male; 18 men and only one woman died of it in the 35—65 age group. When large groups are analysed a variety of factors; overweight, shortness, sedentary responsible occupation, moderate or heavy smoking, emotional stress are points which might be recognised by the layman, as might a history of sudden death of other males in the family.

To these factors, the doctor would add high blood pressure, high blood cholesterol and lowered sugar tolerance.

Sex, obviously, is not amenable to treatment but some of the other factors may be treatable in the persons in the high risk group and thus prevent or delay the onset of the first clinical attack. If the community wished for this sort of health service, it could start by self-analysis to decide which men wanted to have investigations done; alternatively clinics analogous to M.M.R. units might provide facilities for a variety of tests, the results of which would be sent to the General Practitioner. That, initially, any such scheme would be costly is undeniable, but the benefits are harder to assess and would extend beyond the generation being screened.

Other screening procedures have, of course, been attempted for other diseases—Mass X-ray in the search for Lung cancer and tuberculosis and cervical smears for cancer of the womb. In each case, an encouraging response at the outset has been followed by a decline in public interest. In fact, it appears that "Authority" does so much for the individual that apathy if not actual resentment is inevitable. If then, young teenagers are

not to suddenly lose their fathers when they need them most, nor their mothers a little later when still vitally needed, it is perhaps through the children that the message will get home. For it is true that most people will do more for others, especially their children, than they would dream of for themselves.

Reverting to the general matter of population, it appears that the population increase of the last twenty years may be declining.

Recent figures have shown a slight decline in the rise of the birth rate and an increase in deaths. Whilst the decline in the birth rate is to be expected as the war and immediate post-war babies come of age as parents in their own right, and will, if things remain undisturbed produce another uprush in a generation's time, no falling off of deaths is to be expected unless some major attack is mounted against the two remaining killers, cancer and coronary.

Even were this successful, there is no assurance that the future would be entirely rosy for death is by no means the only threat to the elderly. Too often the evening of life is clouded by painful arthritis, failing sight and hearing and a mind which clearly recalls events of half a century ago yet not those of two minutes before.

Confusion and incompetence develops and the time comes when death is accepted almost with relief.

At this latter end of life there has been a good deal of re-thinking officially, so that there is more inclination to support old folks in their own homes or at least, in their own locality in place of the more complete hostel or hospital accommodation which was all that could be offered. The dwellings at Nettleham will be welcomed as recognition of this Council's concern with the care of the elderly and, no doubt, further schemes will emerge.

Isolation is, of course, one of the enemies of old age and where common rooms are provided it usually is necessary to provide active incentive to use it.

It has been observed that in areas where large Council estates (or, presumably, private ones) are erected a change in family behaviour takes place. Children grow up, leave home and, often, the district and parents eventually leave or die to be replaced by a new family perhaps from some distance away and with only a slim chance that a child of the original family will take over the house. Thus the longitudinal ties and traditions are broken. New towns may be less of a threat since families will tend to go "en bloc" and of their own choice and from the outset a mixed bag, self selected rather than self-contained family units, mainly of an uniform age pattern. In the new towns some form of continuing pattern of family life may evolve.

Many years ago it was observed that the separation of home from work place could be stress-provoking as well as relaxing and it may be that as a greater number of town workers move into Welton district to live, the commuting facilities may become the instrument of stress. The commuters were among the first to be recognised as high-risk candidates. De-centralizing offices and factories may help to the degree that it reduces commuting

without destroying the amenities for which the commuting was instituted.

Stress can develop merely from the rate at which knowledge progresses. This is recognised in industry's general unwillingness to employ the older person. Even in Local Government, this tendency exists.

Knowledge, it is generally conceded, extends in most fields at about 10% per annum. Vast researches are involved in contributing this amount and a real service is done by the specialists who evaluate and condense research results into an acceptable volume to be assimilated during and after the necessarily limited refresher courses and conferences. To review the progress of the District over the last twenty years is to observe something of a revolution. In 1947 only 261 houses had a W.C., the population was 13,500 and, births in that boom year were 297. Now, population is up to almost 22,000, births to 430, total dwellings from 4205 to 6941, of which Council dwellings have gone up from 269 to 862. The extra work involved is absorbed by the same number of professional staff as before with of course, additional assistance, and accommodation.

The end of 1966 saw the start of one of the worst measles epidemics for some time and it is not yet (June 1967) completely died out. Whilst I will report on this in detail in my next report, it should be accepted now, that measles is preventable.

Since the cost of supplying and administering one or two doses of vaccine is comparable with the cost of visiting the actual measles cases, the procedure is desirable on humanitarian grounds, apart from easing the burden of the General Practitioner in epidemic periods.

May I again conclude by thanking all members of the Council and the Officers for the help they have given me during the year.

I remain,

Your obedient Servant,

S. A. O'HAGAN,

Medical Officer of Health.

Statistics and Social Conditions in the Area.

Area	...	...	...	...	...	...	83,712 acres
Population, 1966 estimated mid-year Registrar							
General	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,930 (21,490)
Number of Rateable Dwellings, 1965...					...	...	6,755
Number of Rateable Dwellings, 1966...					...	...	6,941
Private	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,048
Permanent Council Houses				...	...	...	862
Prefab Bungalows		...	...	...	...	...	18
Temporary Dwellings	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Number of families or separate occupiers, 1931					...	...	3,079
("Private" Houses includes 508 R.A.F. M.Q., Scampton)							

Though the pursuit of agriculture in all its varied phases is the main occupation of the district, there is a sugar beet and a canning factory at Bardney, a chemical manure factory and light engineering works at Saxilby, a light engineering works at Nettleham, a knitting factory at Fiskerton, several small tractor and agricultural machinery workshops, and Swifts poultry hatchery at Langworth.

VITAL STATISTICS

LIVE BIRTHS:	Male	Female	Total
	213	217	430
Rate per 1000 population 19.61 crude, 19.81 standardised (E. and W. 17.7)			
Illegitimate live births per cent. of total live births 4.6.			
STILL BIRTHS:	Male	Female	Total
	5	3	8
Total live and still births	...	...	438
INFANT DEATHS:			
Infant Mortality per 1000 live births	...	...	14.0
" " " " " " legitimate	...	...	14.4
" " " " " " illegitimate	...	...	Nil.
Neo-natal Mortality rate			
(deaths under 4 weeks of age per 1000 live births)	...	...	7.0
Early Neonatal Mortality rate			
(deaths under 1 week per 1000 live births)	...	...	4.67
Peinatal Mortality rate			
(still births and deaths under 1 week per 1000 live and still births)			32
Maternal Mortality (including abortion) number of deaths		...	0
Rate per 1000 total live and still births	...	...	0

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

Little change took place in the structure of General Practitioner of Hospital Services, and the County Councils Ambulance service operated well.

Five Infant Welfare Centres operate in the rural district as tabulated below. Those at Bardney and Cherry Willingham are manned by myself whilst the remainder are served by other Medical Officers of the County Council.

In addition, similar services have been provided at Scampton and Faldingworth R.A.F. Stations by co-operation between the Service and the County Council.

CLINICS MANNED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL

Bardney	Village Hall	2nd and 4th Friday afternoons in each month.
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CAUSES OF DEATH

CAUSE OF DEATH	Sex	AGE IN YEARS												75 and over
		Total All Ages	4 weeks and under		1—	5—	15—	25—	35—	45—	55—	65—		
			Under 4 weeks	1 year										
1. Tuberculosis, Respiratory	M	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
10. Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	M	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
	F	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
11. Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	M	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	1	—	
	F	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	
12. Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	M	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
13. Malignant, Neoplasm, Uterus	F	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	
14. Other Malignant & Lymphatic Neoplasms	M	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	4	—	
	F	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	
15. Leukaemia, Aleukamia	M	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
	F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
16. Diabetes	M	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	M	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	6	—	
	F	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	3	—	
18. Coronary Disease, Angina	M	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	7	8	16	—	
	F	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	6	—	
19. Hypertension with Heart Disease	M	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
20. Other Heart Disease	M	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	—	
	F	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	
21. Other Circulatory Disease	M	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
	F	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	2	—	
22. Influenza	M	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
23. Pneumonia	M	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	
24. Bronchitis	M	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
	F	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	M	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	
	F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
26. Ulcer of Stomach & Duodenum	M	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
	F	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
27. Gastritis, Enteritis & Diarrhoea	M	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
29. Hyperplasia of Prostate	M	1.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
31. Congenital Malformations	M	2	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
32. Other Defined & Ill-defined Diseases	M	11	2	—	—	1	—	2	—	2	—	3	—	
	F	14	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	2	—	
33. Motor Vehicle Accidents	M	6	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	1	—	
	F	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
34. All Other Accidents	M	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	
	F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	M	133	2	1	2	1	4	2	4	11	19	38	48	
	F	103	1	2	1	—	1	—	1	7	7	21	65	

Water Analysis Results. (From Piped Supplies)

Total Samples obtained	Bacteriological Examination	Chemical Examination	Results
112	107	5	Satisfactory

No plumbo solvent action has occurred.

Table showing the Parishes with number of Houses, and the number of Houses and Population with Mains supply direct.

Parish	Dwelling Huoses	No. of Houses with Mains Supply Direct	Estimated population supplied (based on 3.25 persons per dweeling)	Census 1961
Aisthorpe ...	30	30	97	94
Apley ...	36	29	94	105
Bardney & Southrey	607	595	1934	1570
Barlings ...	154	148	481	443
Brattleby ...	31	28	91	84
Broxholme ...	23	17	55	56
Bullington ...	14	14	45	36
Burton ...	70	60	195	145
Caenby ...	28	26	84	86
Cammeringham	38	35	114	121
Carlton, North	38	36	117	99
Carlton, South	43	37	120	138
Cherry Willingham	702	699	2272	1061
Dunholme ...	394	386	1254	847
Faldingsorth ...	94	87	283	248
Firsby, East & West	17	3	10	39
Fiskerton ...	180	180	585	567
Friesthorpe ...	16	14	45	51
Fulnetby ...	12	9	29	38
Goltho ...	27	21	68	74
Grange de Lings	20	18	59	65
Greetwell ...	223	221	718	519
Hackthorn ...	73	71	231	232
Hanworth, Cold	16	12	39	66
Holton Beckering	36	32	104	115
Ingham ...	218	217	705	594
Nettleham ...	1027	1022	3321	1940
Newball ...	26	24	78	64
Normanby by Spital	99	96	312	248
Owmby by Spital	98	94	305	271
Rand ...	13	12	39	46
Reepham ...	278	270	877	704
Riseholme ...	36	31	101	168
Saxby ...	19	15	49	66
Saxilby ...	703	663	2155	1636
Scampton ...	571	566	1839	2113
Scothern ...	196	193	627	537

Parish	Dwelling Houses	No. of Houses with Mains Supply Direct	Estimated population supplied (based on 3.25 persons per dwelling)	1961 Census
Snelland ...	30	28	91	98
Spridlington ...	58	46	149	166
Stainfield ...	37	34	110	118
Snarford ...	21	21	68	70
Stainton ...	28	26	84	67
Sudbrooke ...	128	125	406	257
Thorpe le Falls	8	6	19	33
Welton ...	363	347	1128	939
Wickenby ...	62	56	182	39
	<hr/> 6,941 <hr/>	<hr/> 6,700 <hr/>	<hr/> 21,769 <hr/>	<hr/> 17,205 <hr/>

Villages with Electricity Available

Electricity is available in every parish in the Council's area.

Villages with Gas Supply

Gas supplied (by E.M.G.B.)—8 villages, Reepham, Cherry Willingham, Nettleham, Greetwell, Welton, Dunholme, Sudbrooke, Scothern.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal

The following villages now have mains sewerage and sewage disposal works:—Nettleham (including Bunkers Hill and parts of Greetwell Wragby Road East), Bardney, Scothern, Ingham, Saxilby, Reepham, Cherry Willingham, Welton, Dunholme, Normanby, Owmbly, Langworth, Sudbrooke and Fiskerton.

The scheme for Faldingworth is proceeding.

Schemes in the course of preparation are for Holton Beckering, Scampton, Aisthorpe and Brattleby.

A new sewage disposal works is being planned for Nettleham. This will relieve the already overloaded works at Reepham, which treats the sewage from Nettleham at present.

Scavenging

The household refuse collection service which was improved during 1965 to provide weekly collections from the six largest villages continued to operate smoothly. The householders appreciated the advantages of the increased frequency of the collection and it is hoped that during the forthcoming year this service may be extended to include a further proportion of the district.

The paper sack scheme which has been in operation at Bardney for a number of years was extended during 1966 to include approximately 100 houses at Dunholme.

Although the waste paper salvage scheme has continued to be of value to householders the financial income has proved disappointing. During the year the price per cwt has fallen from 4/- to 2/6 and, indeed, the paper mills are showing reluctance to take delivery even at this price.

Pail Closet Emptying Service

This service is now only carried out for Southrey.

The Council give full encouragement to owners of private property to convert pail closets to water closets with the help of improvement grants.

Refuse Disposal

All refuse collected in the district is brought to the central refuse tip at Nettleham where it is controlled by an attendant with the aid of a J.C.B. shovel. Precautions are taken to prevent nuisance being caused by rats and flies.

This tip is ideally situated in the centre of the district but, unfortunately, it is rapidly filling up. A new tip has been secured off Barlings Lane, Langworth and will come into operation as the present one closes.

Cesspool Emptyier

During the year the following work was carried out by the vehicle.

858 Cesspools, etc., emptied	...	...	...	...Loads	872
Loads taken from Sewage Works	...	...	...	...	387
TOTAL					1259

Meat and Other Foods

There are no licenced slaughter-houses being operated in the district.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933—1954

2 Licences were in force at the end of 1965. During the year 2 were renewed making a total of 2 in force at the end of 1966.

Food and Drugs Act, 1955 Sec. 16

One Certificate of Registration was granted during the year for premises to be used for the sale of ice cream.

Private House Improvements

The Council continued the policy of helping owners to improve their properties with the aid of improvement grants.

During the year the following houses were improved:—

	Houses	Total Cost	Grant Paid
Discretionary	16	£12,014	£4,357
Standard	65	£32,462	£11,707

Housing Repairs and Rents Acts, 1954—57

No. of certificates of disrepair issued	Nil.
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------

Inspection of Dwelling Houses during the year

- | | | |
|---|-----|-----|
| (1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) | ... | 439 |
| (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose | ... | 841 |

Remedy of Defects during the year without Service of Formal Notices

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers	81
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----

Action under Statutory Powers during the year

- | | | |
|--|-----|------|
| (1) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:— | | |
| (a) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied | ... | 1 |
| (b) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:— | | |
| (i) by owners | ... | 1 |
| (ii) by local authority in default of owners | ... | Nil. |
| (2) Proceedings under the Housing Acts | | |
| (a) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs | ... | 1 |
| (b) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:— | | |
| (i) by owners | ... | 1 |
| (ii) by local authority in default of owners | ... | Nil. |
| (iii) Number of unfit houses purchased by local authority in accordance with Housing Acts | ... | Nil. |
| (c) Number of certificates of disrepair issued | ... | Nil. |
| (3) Slum Clearance—proceedings under the Housing Acts | | |
| (a) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made (Individual unfit houses only) | | 18 |
| (b) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders (Individual unfit houses only) | | 15 |
| (c) Number of dwelling-houses, or parts, subject to Closing Orders | ... | 9 |
| (d) Number of dwelling-houses, or parts, rendered fit by undertakings | ... | 2 |
| (e) Number of dwelling-houses included in confirmed Clearance Orders | ... | Nil. |
| (f) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance thereof | ... | Nil. |

(g) Total number of dwelling-houses on which Demolition Orders are operative and which are still occupied except under the provisions of Sections 34, 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957	...	...	...	...	15
(h) Total number of dwelling-houses occupied under Sections 34, 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957	...	...	...	...	Nil.
(i) Houses demolished or closed voluntarily by owners which would otherwise have been the subject of statutory action to secure demolition or closure	...	...	...	...	3
(4) Nissen Huts or other similar Hutments:—					
(a) Number still occupied	...	...	...	...	3
(b) Date by which it is anticipated occupants will be rehoused	...	...	...	...	...
					February 1967
(5) Estimated number of dwellings, excluding those under paragraph (4) above, remaining to be dealt with under:—					
(a) The Housing Act, 1957, Sections 16 and 18	...	...	...	...	63
(b) The Housing Act, 1957, Section 42	...	...	...	...	Nil.

New Housing

217 houses were built of which 37 were erected by the Local Authority. 180 by private builders.

At the end of the year there were 38 Council houses and 138 private houses under construction.

General

The work of slum clearance, improvement grants, new sewerage schemes with consequent conversions of pail closets to W.C.'s continues to show a marked improvement in housing conditions.

Movable Dwellings, Tents, Vans, etc.

No. of Site Licences	...	...	...	...	...	26
No. Caravans permitted thereon	...	...	...	...	...	271
Inspections—Sites...	...	...	...	...	...	26
Inspections—Caravans	...	...	...	...	...	36
Contraventions remedied	...	...	...	...	...	3

Food Premises—Bakehouses

No. in district	...	...	...	...	...	3
No. of inspections	...	...	...	...	...	6
No. of contraventions	...	...	...	...	...	2
Defects remedied	...	...	...	...	...	2

Meat Products

No. of Premises registered for manufacture	...	...	...	...	12
No. of inspections made	...	...	...	...	13
No. of contraventions	...	...	...	...	5
No. of contraventions remedied	...	...	...	...	5

Ice Cream

No. of Manufacturers	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
No. of premises registered for sale	...	...	...	...	...	...	76
No. of Inspections...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
All ice cream sold retail is wrapped or in carton containers.							

Other Food Premises

No. of Inspections...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68
No. of Contraventions found	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
No. of Contraventions remedied	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

Shops Act, 1950

No. of Shops inspected	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
Contraventions remedied	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.

Sanitary Accommodation

No. of houses with vaults in district	...	...	...	...	(Est'd)	6
No. of houses with pail closets in district	...	...	...	...	(Est'd)	168
No. of water-closets substituted for dry receptacles	...	...	...	...	(Est'd)	87
No. of houses with water-closets in district	...	...	...	...	(Est'd)	6,767

It is pleasing to note that the work of conversions continues to increase, helped, no doubt, by the grant given under Section 47 of the Public Health Act, 1936, and the Standard and Discretionary Grants.

Drains

Drains examined, tested, exposed, etc.	112
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Disinfection, etc.

Rooms disinfected:

(a) Ordinary infectious disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
(b) Tuberculosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
No. of premises disinfested	...	...	...	...	...	...	12

Nuisances

Total No. of Nuisances during year:—

(1) Abated as result of informal action by Public Health Inspector	...	...	...	...	...	...	99
(2) Reported to Council (Statutory notice not issued)	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
(Statutory notice issued)	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

Details of Nuisances abated

	<i>After informal notice</i>	<i>After Statutory notice</i>
After informal information:—		
Accumulation of refuse	33	—
Foul ditches, ponds and stagnant water	41	—
Fowls, pigs and other animals	16	—
Drainage	10	2
Other nuisances	—	—
Dangerous premises	9	—

Atmospheric Pollution

No. of Visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
No. of Nuisances found	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
No. of Nuisances abated	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

Petroleum (Regulations) Acts, 1928 and 1936

Licence granted—Renewals 79. New 4.

Rats and Mice Destruction (Domestic and Business Premises)

Total No. of premises treated	...	...	...	...	...	...	477
Dwelling-houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	431
Other premises	...	...	...	...	...	...	46
Operatives employed	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

Rats and Mice Destruction. (Farm Contract Service)

During the year, contracts to the value of £1,238 were entered into, in respect of 101 farms.

Animal Boarding Establishments Act, 1963

During the year 7 licences were issued. Throughout the year all premises were operated without complaint in so far as the requirements of the Act are concerned.

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

No. of Premises licensed	...	...	...	...	...	...	59
No. of Inspections...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43
No. of defects	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
No. of defects remedied	...	...	...	...	...	...	8

APPENDIX I.

Population at mid-year (Estimated)	...	...	...	...	21,930
(1961 census figure)	...	...	...	...	17,205
Crude death rate — 10.8 per 1,000.					
Standard death rate — 12.3 per 1,000.					
Death rate England and Wales — 11.7 per 1,000.					

APPENDIX II.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961

Part I of the Act

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	51	30	1	Nil
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	183	207	2	Nil
Total	234	219	3	Nil

2. Cases in which defects were found (If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

(1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	Nil	—	—	—	—
Overcrowding (S.2)	Nil	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	Nil	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	Nil	—	—	—	—

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(b) Unsuitable or detec- tive	2	2	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) Not separate for sexes	1	Nil	Nil	1	Nil
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	3	2	Nil	1	Nil

Part VIII of the Act
Outwork (Sections 138 and 134)

Nature of Work (1)	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of out- workers in August list required by Section 133 (1) (c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	No. of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists (4)	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prose- cutions (7)
Wearing apparel (Making etc.)	2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

HOUSING PROGRESS (L.A. and Others)

			1926	1940									
			—39	—57	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	Total
Aisthorpe	...	...	2	10	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	3	17
Apley	...	...	1	4	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	9
Bardney	...	...	107	90	22	6	5	8	11	8	17	10	284
Barlings	...	...	31	22	1	2	9	4	8	4	2	1	84
Brattleby	...	...	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Broxholme	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	2
Bullington	...	...	—	2	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	5
Burton	...	...	2	9	2	—	1	2	—	1	1	1	19
Caenby	...	...	1	4	—	1	—	2	—	—	2	—	10
Cammeringham	...	...	2	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Carlton North	...	...	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	9
Carlton South...	...	...	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	10
Cherry Willingham	...	...	60	85	51	55	86	73	59	86	50	21	626
Dunholme	...	...	46	129	4	8	27	12	14	39	24	25	328
Faldingworth	...	...	10	9	—	—	—	3	3	2	—	3	30
Fiskerton	...	...	24	45	23	1	8	4	4	—	1	5	115
Friesthorpe	...	...	5	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Goltho	...	...	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Grange-de-Lings	...	...	4	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Greetwell	...	...	73	24	1	1	5	5	17	15	8	—	149
Hackthorn	...	...	2	7	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	—	12
Hanworth, Cold	...	...	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Holton Beckering	...	...	4	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
Ingham	...	...	15	48	1	3	2	2	4	5	6	10	96
Nettleham	...	...	222	180	14	20	43	77	79	69	70	15	789
Newball	...	...	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3
Normanby	...	...	8	13	—	2	1	—	—	4	2	1	31
Owmby	...	...	13	15	3	2	1	2	5	—	6	3	50
Rand	...	...	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
Reepham	...	...	63	50	12	23	8	11	3	1	3	6	180
Riseholme	...	...	11	4	—	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	19
Saxilby	...	...	73	117	8	13	31	20	25	18	30	38	373
Saxby	...	...	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Scampton	...	...	—	2	1	—	1	—	2	9	2	—	17
Scothern	...	...	14	55	1	—	1	3	3	5	10	10	102
Snarford	...	...	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Snelland	...	...	2	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	8
Southrey	...	...	—	1	1	2	2	1	7	1	—	2	17
Spridlington	...	...	5	13	2	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	24
Stainfield	...	...	—	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	6
Stainton	...	...	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	2
Sudbrooke	...	...	25	23	6	2	1	2	11	16	3	8	97
Welton...	...	...	47	40	7	2	12	4	10	9	14	55	200
Wickenby	...	...	9	3	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	15
TOTALS			888	1055	161	152	248	235	272	300	261	217	3789

GENERAL STATISTICS

COUNCIL HOUSING (Permanent)

	1926 —39	1940 —58	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	Total
Apley	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Bardney (and Southrey)	63	54	20	—	—	—	10	6	14	6	173
Barlings	12	13	—	—	6	—	6	2	—	—	39
Caenby	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	4
Cammeringham ...	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Carlton, North ...	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Carlton, South ...	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Cherry Willingham ...	10	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
Dunholme	8	101	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	119
Faldingworth	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12
Fiskerton	18	36	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	76
Friesthorpe	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Grange-de-Lings ...	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Hackthorn	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Hanworth, Cold ...	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Holton Beckering ...	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Ingham	12	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	52
Nettleham	30	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	79
Normanby	6	8	—	2	—	—	—	4	—	—	20
Owmby	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	3	25
Reepham	8	16	10	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	50
Saxilby	12	18	—	—	20	6	10	6	3	—	75
Scothern	4	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22
Snarford	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Snelland	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Spridlington	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Stainfield	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Welton... ..	16	4	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	8	32
Wickenby	4	2	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	8
TOTALS ...	239	358	52	18	26	8	30	30	25	37	862

